

August 17, 2022

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VIA email: Allicia\_Kelly@gov.nt.ca

## Wildlife Research Permit Application – Black Bear Research & Monitoring Extension 2022-2024

Dear Ms. Kelly:

As per section 12.5.1 of the Tłįcho Agreement, the Wek'èezhìı Renewable Resources Board (WRRB) considers the above-mentioned Wildlife Research Permit application as a management proposal. The Board understands that the objectives of the research and monitoring program are to 1) investigate impacts of *sah* (black bear) on *todzi* (boreal caribou) calf recruitment, as well as predation of *ejie* (wood bison) and *dedii* (moose) calves; 2) collect baseline information to determine sah home range sizes, habitat use and selection, and seasonal movements, which addresses Measure 6-1, Part 2 of the Tłįcho All-Season Road report of EA; 3) compare sah habitat use to habitat use by other species (e.g., todzi, ejie) monitored with GPS collars; 4) contribute to a holistic understanding of food web dynamics and species interactions between todzi, ejie, dedii, *diga* (wolves), and sah; 5) provide information to support the GNWT to evaluate whether the current national definition of todzi critical habitat, based on the idea of disturbance-mediated apparent competition, is appropriate for the NWT; 6) collect biological samples during capture (e.g., serum, whole blood, hair) for broader-scale or future genetic, hormone, diet and other analyses; and 7) document and monitor sah den sites, den site characteristics, and spring emergence.

The proposed collaring deployment, scheduled from September 1, 2022 to December 31, 2024, occurring within the Mackenzie ejie range and the Mackenzie and North Slave todzi study areas, involves the following:

- Deployment of 11 remaining collars from September to October 2022, with any remaining to be deployed in 2023;
- Baited culvert traps used in areas with road or trail-access, to be checked a minimum of twice daily:
- Bait stations will be set up in remote locations, in hopes of attracting free ranging sah to a central location for capture;
- A pole syringe (culvert traps) or a dart gun (culvert traps) will be used to immobilize the sah;
- Helicopter based captures and immobilization will likely be included for captures during the spring when sah are more visible against the vegetation greening up;

- Sah will be fitted with the collars and biological samples will be collected at the same time (serum, whole blood, and hair); and
- Finally, the sah will be assessed for recovery from the chemical immobilization following the procedure and released in the same location that they were captured.

The Board previously approved a permit for this Black Bear Research and Monitoring for the 2021-2022 season on September 2, 2021. The WRRB has taken a Level 1 review, as outlined in the Board's Rule for Management Proposals. The WRRB has no concerns with the project as presented in your application and looks forward to receiving results from the upcoming field season.

The Board asks to be contacted if there is any opportunity for Board or staff involvement in your work. The WRRB requests that upon completion of the collaring program an update will be provided to the Board.

Please feel free to give us a call with any questions you might have.

Sincerely,

Jody Pellissey

**Executive Director** 

Cc Karin Clark, Manager

Wildlife and Fish Division, Environment & Natural Resources, GNWT

Michael Birlea, Manager Culture and Lands Protection, Tłycho Government